

Graph the following rational functions and name the parts.

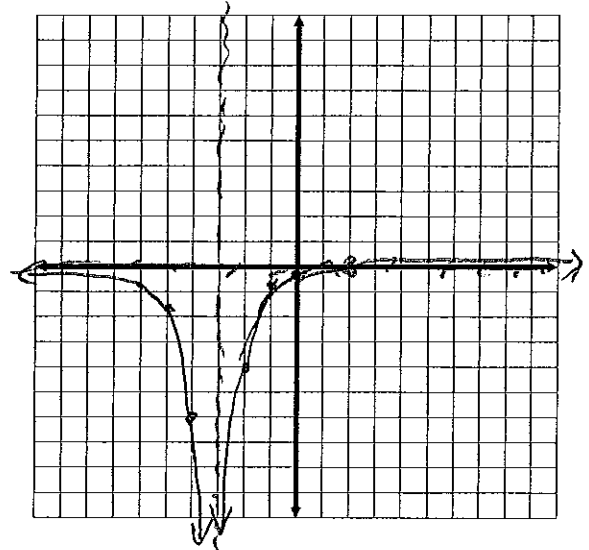
1. $f(x) = \frac{x-2}{(x+3)^2}$

domain $\{x | x \neq -3\}$

vert. asympt. $x = -3$ horiz. asympt. $y = 0$

y-intercept $(0, -\frac{2}{9})$ x-intercept $(2, 0)$

slant asymptote none hole(s) none



2. $f(x) = \frac{2x^2-1}{x+1}$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 \overline{) 2 \ 0 \ -1} \\ \underline{2 \ -2 \ 1} \\ 2 \ -2 \ -2 \end{array}$$

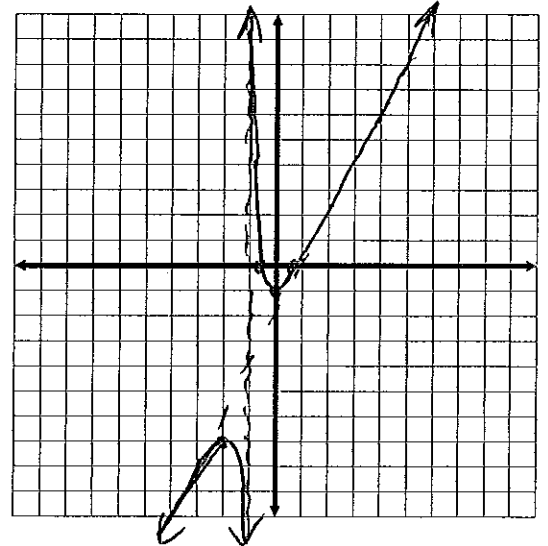
$2x-2$

domain $\{x | x \neq -1\}$

vert. asympt. $x = -1$ horiz. asympt. none

y-intercept $(0, -1)$ x-intercept $(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 0)$ $(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 0)$

slant asymptote $y = 2x-2$ hole(s) none



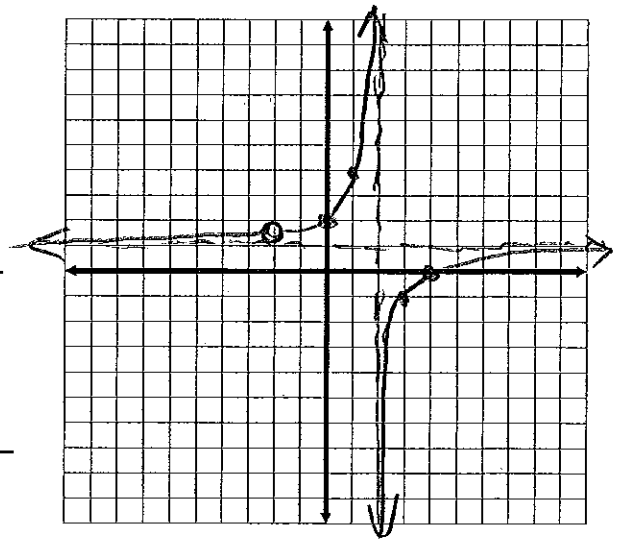
3. $f(x) = \frac{x^2-2x-8}{x^2-4} = \frac{(x-4)(x+2)}{(x-2)(x+2)} = \frac{x-4}{x-2}$

domain $\{x | x \neq 2, -2\}$

vert. asympt. $x = 2$ horiz. asympt. $y = 1$

y-intercept $(0, 2)$ x-intercept $(4, 0)$

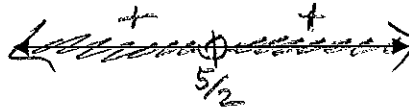
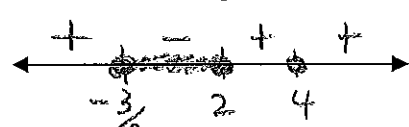
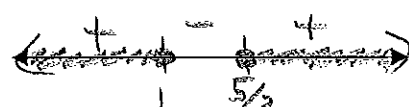
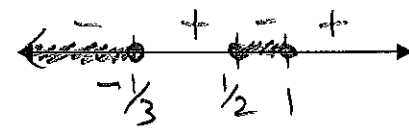
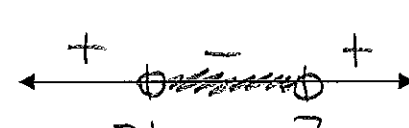
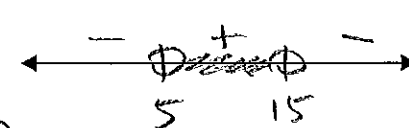
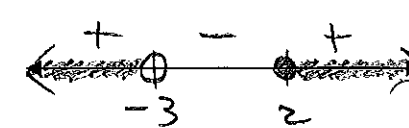
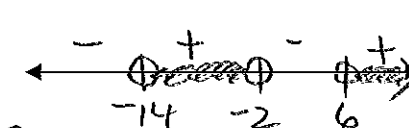
slant asymptote none hole(s) $(-2, \frac{3}{2})$



Identify the vertical, horizontal and/or slant asymptotes for the following:

4. $f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 - 1} = \frac{x}{(x+1)(x-1)}$ $x = -1, x = 1$
 $y = 0$
5. $f(x) = \frac{(3x-2)(x+2)}{2x^2 - 3x - 2} = \frac{(3x-2)(x+2)}{(2x+1)(x-2)}$ $x = -\frac{1}{2}$
 $y = \frac{3}{2}$
6. $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 5x + 8}{x+3}$ $x = -3$
 $y = x + 2$
7. $f(x) = \frac{(x-4)(x+2)}{x^2 - 4} = \frac{(x-4)(x+2)}{(x-2)(x+2)}$ $x = 2$
 $y = 1$

Quadratic, Polynomial, Rational inequalities: Solve the following inequalities. Show your sign graph and express your answers in interval notation.

8. $4x^2 - 20x + 25 > 0$
 $(2x-5)(2x-5) > 0$
 $\frac{5}{2}(2)$

 $(-\infty, \frac{5}{2}) \cup (\frac{5}{2}, \infty)$
9. $(x-4)^2(2x+3)(x-2) \leq 0$
 $4(2) \rightarrow -\frac{3}{2}, 2$

 $[-\frac{3}{2}, 2] \cup [4, \infty)$
10. $3x^2 - 8x + 5 \geq 0$
 $(3x-5)(x-1) \geq 0$
 $\frac{5}{3}, 1$

 $(-\infty, 1] \cup [\frac{5}{3}, \infty)$
11. $6x^3 - x^2 - 4x - 1 \leq 0$
 $(2x+1)(3x+1) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}, 1$

 $(-\infty, -\frac{1}{3}] \cup [\frac{1}{2}, 1]$
12. $\frac{x-7}{x+1} < 0$
 $7, -1$

 $(-1, 7)$
13. $\frac{3x-5}{x-5} > 4$
 $\frac{3x-5}{x-5} - 4 > 0$
 $\frac{3x-5}{x-5} - \frac{4x-20}{x-5} > 0$
 $\frac{-x+15}{x-5} > 0$
 $15, 5$

 $(5, 15)$
14. $\frac{2(x-2)}{x+3} \geq 0$
 $2, -3$

 $(-\infty, -3) \cup [2, \infty)$
15. $\frac{5}{x-6} > \frac{3}{x+2}$
 $\frac{5}{x-6} - \frac{3}{x+2} > 0$
 $\frac{5x+10}{(x-6)(x+2)} - \frac{3x-18}{(x-6)(x+2)} > 0$
 $\frac{2x+28}{(x-6)(x+2)} > 0$
 $-14, 6, -2$

 $(-14, -2) \cup (6, \infty)$